

### Corrigendum

## Corrigendum to “A comparison of sodium borohydride as a fuel for proton exchange membrane fuel cells and for direct borohydride fuel cells” [J. Power Sources 155 (2006) 329–339]

Jung-Ho Wee\*

*Department of Chemical and Biological Engineering, Korea University, 1, 5-Ga, Anam-Dong, Seongbuk-Gu, Seoul 136-701, Republic of Korea*

Available online 18 July 2006

The author regrets some errors which appeared in the above-mentioned review article.

The errors are in the unit of water density. The water density was 1000 mg/ml, but this was confused with 1 mg/ml. Five mistakes occurred within the text of page 336, in Sections 3.1 and 3.2.1. Fig. 7 and Table 7 also contained some errors.

In the last paragraph of Section 3.1 the sentence:

Considering the optimum compositions of the NaBH<sub>4</sub>–NaOH aqueous feeding solution, i.e. 20% NaBH<sub>4</sub>–10% NaOH for B-PEMFC and 10% NaBH<sub>4</sub>–20% NaOH for DBFC, the volume of NaBH<sub>4</sub> aqueous solution consumed by B-PEMFC for the generation of 1 W was calculated to be 19.28 ml min<sup>-1</sup>, which was 78 and 58 vol.% of the 8e-DBFC and 6e-DBFC values, respectively.

Should have read:

Considering the optimum compositions of the NaBH<sub>4</sub>–NaOH aqueous feeding solution, i.e. 20% NaBH<sub>4</sub>–10% NaOH for B-PEMFC and 10% NaBH<sub>4</sub>–20% NaOH for DBFC, the volume of NaBH<sub>4</sub> aqueous solution consumed by B-PEMFC for the generation of 1 W was calculated to be 0.02 ml min<sup>-1</sup>, which was 78 and 58 vol.% of the 8e-DBFC and 6e-DBFC values, respectively.

In Section 3.2.1 the final paragraph should read:

In each fuel cell, the volumes of NaBH<sub>4</sub>–NaOH aqueous solution are also listed in Table 7. In B-PEMFC, 0.39 ml min<sup>-1</sup> of NaBH<sub>4</sub> aqueous solution was needed. At the same time, based on the results reported in the literature by Kogima et al. [3], 71 mg of Pt–LiCoO<sub>2</sub> catalyst is needed for the NaBH<sub>4</sub> hydrolysis reaction. However, in 8e-DBFC, 0.49 ml min<sup>-1</sup> of 10% NaBH<sub>4</sub> aqueous solution was needed. Therefore, the auxiliary reactor including catalysts for the NaBH<sub>4</sub> hydrolysis reaction, with a volume of 0.39 ml, is separately equipped out of the fuel cell in B-PEMFC. On the other hand, the space to accommodate 0.49 ml within the fuel cell is required in 8e-DBFC systems.

There were also errors in the values in Fig. 7 and Table 7. The corrected table and figure are reproduced below:

DOI of original article: [10.1016/j.jpowsour.2006.01.036](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jpowsour.2006.01.036).

\* Tel.: +82 2 923 3105; fax: +82 2 926 6102.

E-mail address: [jhwee@korea.ac.kr](mailto:jhwee@korea.ac.kr).

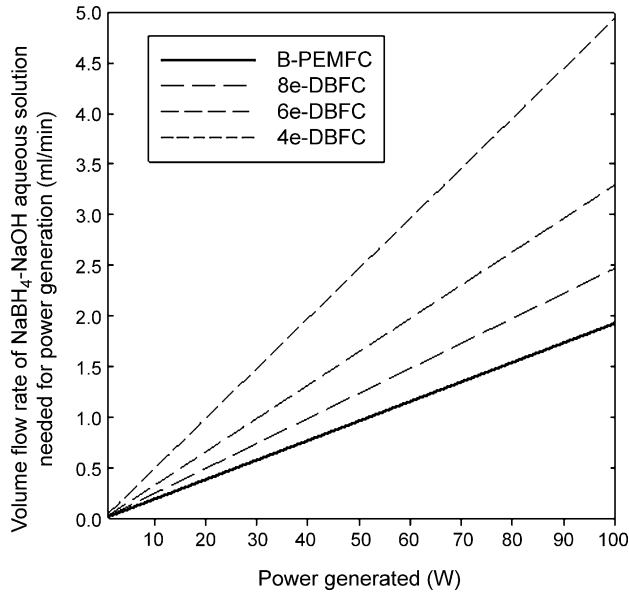


Fig. 7. Volume flow rates of NaBH<sub>4</sub>-NaOH aqueous solution consumed at various power generations in each fuel cell system (without considering the crossover in the DBFC).

Table 7

Comparison of feed rate between B-PEMFC and DBFC in portable application with a power output of 20 W (without considering the crossover in the DBFC)

Fuel cell systems	Feed rate of NaBH <sub>4</sub> mg min <sup>-1</sup> (operational voltage; V)	Feed rate of NaOH; mg min <sup>-1</sup>	Feed rate of water; mg min <sup>-1</sup>	Feed rate of NaBH <sub>4</sub> -NaOH aqueous solution; mg min <sup>-1</sup>	Feed rate of NaBH <sub>4</sub> -NaOH aqueous solution; ml min <sup>-1</sup>
B-PEMFC <sup>a</sup>	84.0 (0.7)	42.0	294.0	420.0 <sup>a</sup>	0.39
8e-DBFC <sup>b</sup>	58.8 (1.0)	117.6	411.6	588.0 <sup>b</sup>	0.49
6e-DBFC <sup>b</sup>	78.4 (1.0)	156.8	548.8	784.0 <sup>b</sup>	0.66
4e-DBFC <sup>b</sup>	117.6 (1.0)	235.2	823.2 <sup>b</sup>	1176.0 <sup>b</sup>	0.99

<sup>a</sup> 20% NaBH<sub>4</sub>-10% NaOH solution, S.G. = 1.09 [12].

<sup>b</sup> 10% NaBH<sub>4</sub>-20% NaOH solution, S.G. = 1.19 [12].